

Te Kura o Melville

Melville Primary School

Strategic Plan 2025

Te Whakakitenga (Vision)

Enhance our mana through identity

Ngaa Tikanga (Values)

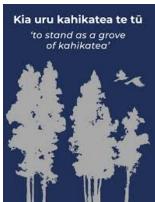
Tika - We respect everyone in our school community in our actions, words and thoughts

Pono - Show integrity in our actions, words and thoughts

Manaakitanga – Caring for ourselves, others, the school and our environment

Whakataukī

Kia uru kahikatea te tū - To stand as a grove of Kahikatea



The literal meaning of this is 'to stand as a grove of kahikatea' and as a result kahikatea are extremely difficult to fell because they are supported by the intertwined roots of another kahikatea.

Summary of the information:

Melville Primary School we enhance our students Mana by:

- seeing their greatness,
- noticing their strengths,
- valuing their gifts,
- · believing in their worth,
- and growing their potential.

We have a dynamic staff who provide the best learning experiences available, that help our students enhance their mana through their identity. The Board has a vision that we are creating and developing leaders of tomorrow. To do this we must - proactively plan and review for an equitable, unbiased, high quality education for all our students. Work alongside staff to maintain a culture in our school we can all be proud of. We are a school of choice for the whaanau who want high standards, Success is not a choice it is our students destination.

With the support and encouragement of our exciting and diverse community, we can share experiences and skills that build an understanding through personal testament of our collective strength and shared values 'Kia uru kahikatea te tū'.

The literal meaning of this is 'to stand as a grove of kahikatea' and as a result kahikatea are extremely difficult to fell because they are supported by the intertwined roots of another kahikatea.

Our 2023 EQI number is 545. The school roll as at 1 March 2025 is 233 Learners. 67% are Maaori, 13% Pasifika, 11% NZ Pakeha, 5% MELLA and 4% Asian. Therefore 80% of our students are classed as a priority focus.

We used our 2024 Whole school data in comparison with data from previous years. We gathered our whaanau aspirations through surveys, Te Ara Whakamana workshops and student voice.

The key themes that came out of these were:

- Our whaanau and students have high aspirations for themselves.
- Whaanau see themselves as a valued member of our school and community.
- There is a need for teachers to communicate more regularly with whaanau about students' achievement.
- Cultural identity is a key part to students' success.
- Students feeling safe at school is still a concern.

Summary of the information:

This Charter is the Boards contract with the Ministry of Education. In governing this school, the Board will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the school meets the goals and objectives of this Charter with the resources and time available to it in accordance with section 138 of the Education and Training Act, 2020.

138 School strategic plan and annual implementation plan

A board must have the following strategic planning documents for its school:

- 1. a strategic plan, for each 3-year period or for a shorter period determined by the Secretary, that sets out the board's strategy for achieving (or making progress towards achieving) its objectives during that period; and
- 2. an annual implementation plan for each year that sets out how the board intends to implement that strategy during the year.

Consultation/Collaboration

The Board has consulted regularly with our students, staff and our community. Processes for collaboration going forward will include school newsletters, parent and board meetings, whaanau roopu, parent teacher conferences, meet the teachers opportunities, curriculum evenings and school questionnaires, parent focus groups, Iwi, mana whenua and tangata whenua surveys /hui and intentional informal conversations seeking feedback. We will continue to collaborate on this charter and develop it with the support of all stakeholders.

Ratification of School Charter

The 2024 Melville Primary School Charter is due for ratification in the February meeting of the School Board.

School Charter (Inclusive of Strategic and Annual Implementation Plans)

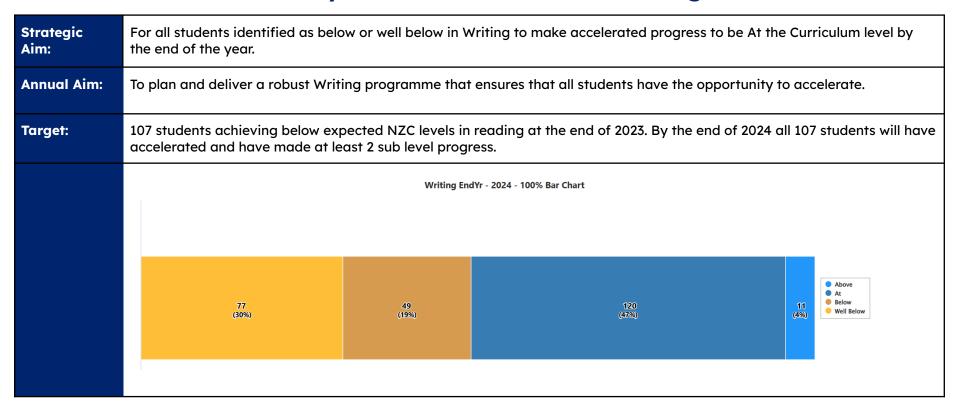
A copy of our School Charter is sent to the Ministry of Education along with a copy of the relevant year's Analysis of Variance(AOV) Report, by March 2024.

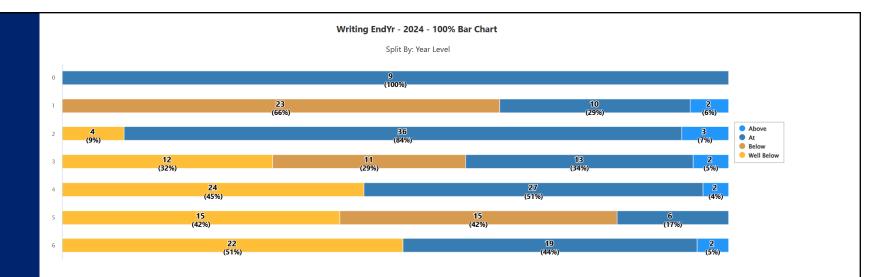
Shameem Afiz Signed: February 2025 Presiding Member of the Board.



Te Kura o Melville Melville Primary School

Analysis of Variance 2024 - Writing





2024 Data

51% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 49% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2023 Data

57% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Written Language 43% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Written Language

Over the past seven years, student achievement in reading at or above the curriculum level has fluctuated, showing an initial upward trend from 2018 (54%) to a peak in 2022 (71%), followed by a significant decline to 51% in 2024. This reflects a current challenge in maintaining the progress achieved in earlier years. Similarly, written language achievement in 2023 showed 57% of students achieving at or above the curriculum level, indicating slightly stronger performance compared to recent reading data but also highlighting the need for targeted interventions to address the students performing below the curriculum level. These trends suggest an ongoing need for consistent strategies to support literacy development across the school.

The 2024 writing data by year level shows significant variation in student achievement across the school. Key observations include:

- 1. **Year 0:** All students (100%) are achieving **At** the curriculum level, showing a strong foundation at this entry level.
- 2. **Year 1:** A majority of students (66%) are achieving **At** the curriculum level, but 29% are performing **Below**, with a small percentage (6%) classified as **Well Below**.

- 3. **Year 2:** Most students (84%) are achieving **At** the curriculum level, while 9% are performing **Below**, and only 7% are **Well Below**. This indicates good progress overall in this year level.
- 4. **Year 3:** A concerning trend emerges with 32% of students performing **Below** and 29% classified as **Well Below** the curriculum level. Only 34% are achieving **At** the expected level, highlighting a need for targeted intervention.
- 5. **Year 4:** Just over half of the students (51%) are achieving **At** the curriculum level. However, 45% are **Below**, and 4% are **Well Below**, indicating a mixed performance at this level.
- 6. **Year 5:** Achievement is split, with 42% of students performing **Below** and 17% **Well Below** the curriculum level. Only 42% are meeting the expected level, showing room for improvement.
- 7. **Year 6:** This year level has the highest percentage of students performing **Below** the curriculum level (51%), and 44% **Well Below**, leaving just 5% at or above the curriculum expectations, which is an area of significant concern.

Overall, while the junior levels (Years 0-2) demonstrate stronger performance, there is a notable decline in achievement from Year 3 onwards, with Year 6 requiring urgent support to lift outcomes. This trend underscores the importance of early interventions and consistent support throughout the middle and senior years.

Baseline Data:

2024 Data

51% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 49% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2023 Data

55% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Written Language 45% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Written Language

2022 Data

46% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Writing 44% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Writing

2021 Data

55% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Writing 44% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Writing

2020 Data

42% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Written Language 58% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Written Language

2019 Data

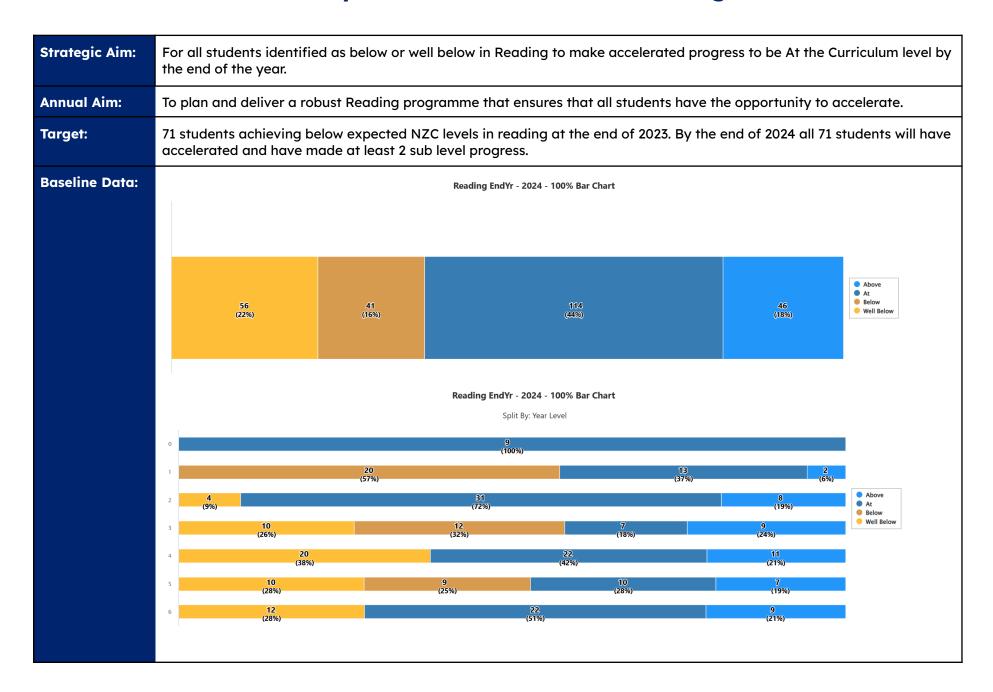
37.7% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Written Language 62% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Written Language

Used a structured literacy			
sequence i.e The Code, LLL and Heggerty Less assessment, more time teaching Reading and writing interrelated Pre loading students i.e warm ups like reading the book and then writing a recall Providing opportunities to write across the curriculum Oral language Planning Assessment: Knowledge of curriculum levels (how to make it easier to understand) More students Able the student leaders to describe the student leaders to a student leaders	t writers nore relatable to ities to write in other in areas uage activities and to different structures int vocabularies	No pressure so students do not feel judged Students feel more successful Capturing a different strengths in different areas of the curriculum To encourage ideas and explore different structures Students self reflect and review their writing. For consistency	Continue with phonics Focus Use progression sheets and data collection More interactions from students Keep reading, writing intertwined Informing parents about structures literacy practices, support wh' anau to support their tamariki. Consistent/punctual attendance Keeping students engaged and catering to different strengths and needs Oral language packs. Building on editing skills Maintain high expectations with students mahi. Send them back to review and identify their errors. Accurate results and data

Raising Achievement Planning for 2025 year:

- Reading and writing are interrelated. Teaching them together is a good way to build skills and knowledge.
- Implement the Code as our school Spelling Programme
- Implement Writers Toolbox and Little Learners Love Literacy
- Develop and deliver some whanau workshops to assist parents in supporting their child's writing at home
- Provide opportunities for teachers and students to share and respectfully engage with others' ideas through rich interactions.
- Set out specific commitments for which concepts will be taught and how much time will be spent on each concept including phonemes, phoneme-grapheme correspondences, syllable patterns, morphemes, spelling vocabulary, sentence and paragraph structure, handwriting and text structure.

Analysis of Variance 2024 - Reading



2024 Data (No Progress)

62% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 38% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2023 Data

62% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 38% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

Summary of 2024 Reading Data in Context:

1. Current Status (End of 2024):

- 62% of students are achieving At or Above the curriculum level for reading, and 38% are performing Below the expected level.
- o This result shows **no progress** compared to 2023, where the same percentages were recorded.

2. Mid-Year 2024 Data:

- At mid-year, **69%** of students were achieving **At or Above** expectations, indicating progress from the 2023 baseline. However, this gain was not sustained by the end of 2024.
- Of students performing Below:
 - 44% had school attendance below 85%, highlighting the impact of absenteeism on achievement.
 - 15% were English Language Learners, who face additional challenges in language acquisition.
 - 31% were accessing learning or well-being support at school.
 - Overall, **90%** of students performing **Below** had at least one of these risk factors, demonstrating the strong correlation between these challenges and underachievement.

3. Long-Term Trends (2018–2024):

- Reading achievement improved from **54%** in 2018 to a peak of **71%** in 2022. However, performance declined sharply in 2023 and remained stagnant in 2024 at **62%**.
- The percentage of students achieving **Below** expectations increased from **29%** in 2022 to **38%** in 2023 and 2024.

4. Attendance and Support Factors:

- Attendance plays a crucial role in achievement. A significant portion of underperforming students in 2024 had attendance below 85%.
- Students accessing well-being or learning support accounted for almost one-third of those performing below expectations, showing the complex needs of this group.

Analysis:

1. Persistent Decline:

After steady improvements from 2018 to 2022, reading achievement has regressed, with 2023 and 2024 showing no further gains. The stagnation at **62%** highlights the need for a focused response to address barriers to progress.

2. Impact of Risk Factors:

- The correlation between poor attendance, English language learning needs, and access to well-being support and lower reading performance is clear.
- Addressing these risk factors will be critical to improving outcomes for the 38% of students performing below expectations.

3. Missed Opportunities:

 The mid-year data suggested improvement (69%), but this progress was not sustained by the end of the year. This could indicate challenges in maintaining interventions or external factors influencing achievement over time.

Year-Level Analysis for Reading 2024:

1. Year 0:

o 100% of students are achieving **At** the curriculum level. This reflects a strong foundation in reading for new learners.

2. **Year 1**:

57% of students are achieving At the curriculum level, and 37% are performing Below expectations, with 6% categorized as Well Below.

3. **Year 2:**

• A majority (72%) of students are **At** the curriculum level, with 19% **Below** and 9% **Well Below**. This shows continued progress in early literacy development.

4. Year 3:

• Performance begins to decline, with only 50% achieving **At** or **Above** the curriculum level. 26% of students are **Below**, and 18% are **Well Below**.

5. **Year 4**:

 46% of students are achieving At or Above the curriculum level, while 38% are Below and 21% are Well Below, reflecting a sharp decline.

6. **Year 5:**

47% of students are At or Above the curriculum level. However, 28% are Below and 25% Well Below, indicating sustained struggles.

7. Year 6:

Only 49% of students are At or Above the curriculum level, while 28% are Below and a concerning 21% are
 Well Below. This is a critical area of concern.

2024 Data

62% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 38% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2023 Data

70% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 30% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2022 Data

71% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 29% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2021 Data

66% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 34% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2020 Data

58% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 42% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

2019 Data

60% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Reading 40% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Reading

Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
ELL Removal made no difference. Link reading to matrix	Cross-curricular teaching/teach inclusive programs not run due to high interest class work	No Structured program shows link between learning.	Structured Program Improved engagement and
Teacher Aide for ELL in class	Attendance issues in different	Program for ELL was not engaging	showed connection between learning
Target Learners reading time (lessons)	groups	Accelerated data	Teacher Aide support class
Technology	Group work priority	Target learners group work to move data focus	program

Structured Literacy - LLLL	Engagement with reading Phonics development	Develop reading - phonics skills in logical sequence	Attendance issues held progress in different groups changed focus, work to accelerate
- LLLL - Sunshine - Kakano - The Code	Learning spelling rules to support reading skills	Confidence to read/decode unknown words and know why.	Oral language reading big books) modelling reading
- The Code	redding skills	unknown words and know why.	modelling redding
Worksheets	Support comprehension with reading	Extend comprehension independence learning busy	Structured chrome reading programs
Free Reading		work	
Book home reading log	Confidence and develop passion for reading	Build confidence and enjoyment	Continue with use of assessment to progress learning
Book nome redaing log	Milage. Practice and whanau	for reading mileage	lo progress learning
	engagement.		Ensure the Code matches ability
		Practice fluency.	(writing levels had more success than reading)
			How to evaluate effectiveness of worksheet
			Continue opportunities to select own books
			Continue next year with reading log

Raising Achievement Planning for 2025 year:

Buy structured literacy texts and resources

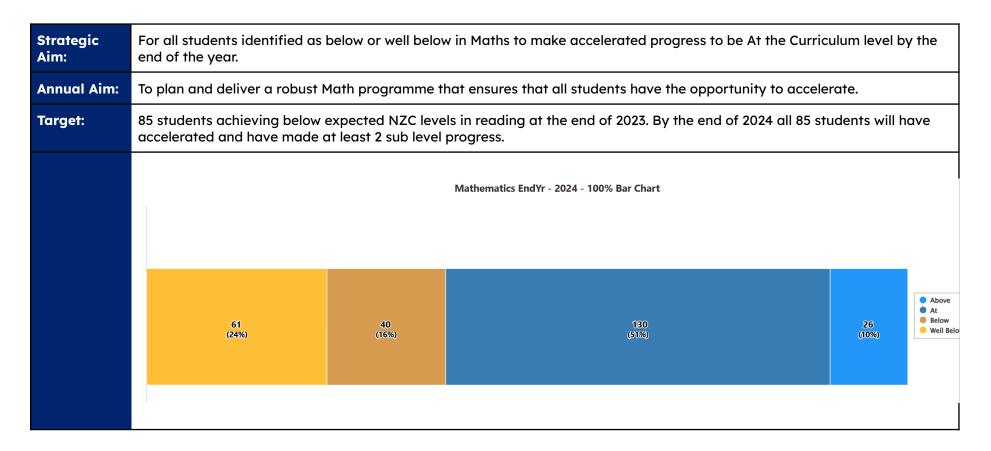
Reading moderation - running record - 2 from each class twice a year done by another teacher

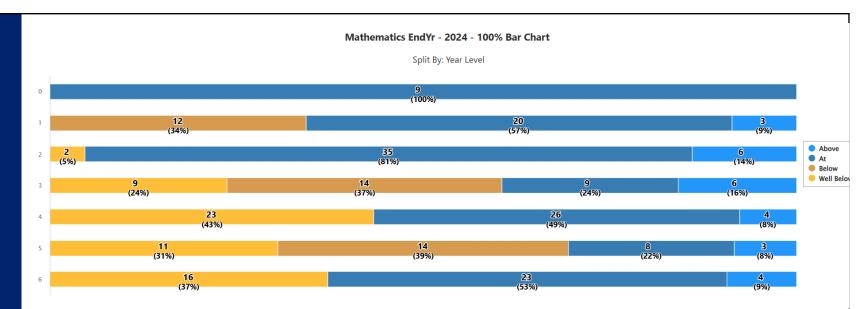
Implement the Code as our school Spelling Programme - The code resource book

Formal observations of reading lessons and follow up activities by the leaders of learning

Staff meeting on reading activities - staff to share two follow up activities, bring evidence to show why they are teaching certain strategies.

Analysis of Variance 2024 - Math





2024 Data

61% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 33% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

2023 Data

65% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 33% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

Summary of 2024 Mathematics Data in Context

Current Status (End of 2024):

- 61% of students are achieving At or Above the curriculum level for mathematics, while 33% are performing Below expectations.
- This marks a decline from mid-year data (71%) but remains similar to 2023 levels (65% At or Above, 33% Below).

Mid-Year 2024 Data:

- At mid-year, **71%** of students were achieving **At or Above** the curriculum level, indicating progress that was not sustained by the end of the year.
- Of the **29%** of students performing **Below**:
 - o **55%** (36 out of 65) had attendance below 85%, showing absenteeism as a major contributing factor.

- 15% (10 out of 65) were English Language Learners.
- o 32% (21 out of 65) were accessing learning and well-being support.
- o 100% (65 out of 65) of students performing Below had at least one of these three risk factors.

Year-Level Performance (2024):

From the year-level chart:

- Year 0: 100% of students are achieving At or Above the curriculum level, providing a solid foundation.
- Year 1: Only 57% of students are achieving At or Above, with 34% Below expectations.
- Year 2: Performance improves, with 81% At or Above, but 5% are Well Below.
- Year 3: Achievement drops sharply, with 37% Below and 16% Well Below.
- Year 4: Only 49% of students are achieving At or Above, with 43% Below and 8% Well Below.
- Year 5: Achievement further declines, with 39% Below and 8% Well Below.
- Year 6: Just 53% of students are achieving At or Above, and 37% Below and 9% Well Below.

Long-Term Trends (2018–2024):

- Mathematics achievement has improved significantly since 2020, when only **48%** of students were achieving **At or Above**. However, it has declined since its peak of **68%** in 2022.
- Students performing **Below** have decreased from **52%** in 2020 to **33%** in 2024, showing overall improvement despite recent stagnation.

Key Challenges Identified:

1. Declining Gains:

The drop from 71% At or Above mid-year to 61% by year's end highlights the need to sustain progress.

2. Impact of Risk Factors:

- **55%** of underachieving students have poor attendance.
- o 15% of students performing Below are English Language Learners.
- **32%** are accessing learning or well-being support.
- o **100%** of underperforming students face at least one barrier, emphasizing the complexity of their needs.

3. Year-Level Gaps:

- o Junior years (Years 0-2) generally perform better, with **81% At or Above** by Year **2**.
- Performance drops sharply from Year 3 onwards, with less than **50%** achieving **At or Above** in Years 4-6.

Baseline Data:

2024 Data

61% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 33% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

2023 Data

64% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 36% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

2022 Data

68% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 32% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

2021 Data

63% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 37% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

2020 Data

48% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 52% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

2019 Data

51% of all students were achieving At or Above the Curriculum Level for Mathematics 49% of all students were achieving Below the Curriculum Level for Mathematics

Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
Matua Dion - Math PLD	Kids improved from hands on	Expectations for our learners	Prime Math PLD
Maree/Leanne/Greg.	learning - His presentation style helped the learning	may be set lower than needed.	What does math look like? Will we look the same?
Changed timetabled math times		Students need to experience and	
B2-B1 Jen	Maths in morning is good on	prepare for testing.	Clarify around assessment time
B3-B1 Jason	good days, but kiwican,		and resources
B3-B2 Leanne	assemblies did interrupt	Times for teacher to teach	
		without interruptions	Having a new entrant transition
Number Agent Program - Jen			class

Mixed ability learning grouping levels 1&2 2&3	Positive changes noted 3 out of 5 days	New entrants coming into established classes Y1's	Behaviour plan for those behaviours that are questionable.
	More energetic in mornings	Minor behaviour creating havoc, Making the teacher have to stop	LSA involvement with behaviour
	Staff enjoyed teaching this program	and restart the lesson.	issues Helping the teachers.
	Students enjoyed the challenges and success stories they were creating.		

Raising Achievement Planning for 2025 year:

- Link to teacher expectations and teacher professional growth cycles.
- Close monitoring of progress.
- Priority learners reporting document each term and meeting with their whanau
- Seek support from a Math expert to facilitate staff meetings, model and do observations.
- Look at class resourcing in Math
- Specific ELL trained teacher instead of using an LSA and teaching some specific Math terminology.



Te Kura o Melville

Strategic Plan 2025

	<u>Strategic Goal # 1 -</u> <u>Curriculum</u>	<u>Strategic Goal # 2 -</u> <u>Community</u>	Strategic Goal # 3 - Culture	Strategic Goal # 4
Our Strategic Goals 2025	Enhance Structured Literacy and Numeracy for Year 0-6 Learners.	Empower Whānau to Support Learning and Attendance	Embed Te Ara Whakamana and Te Ao Māori in School Culture	Strengthen Board Governance through Data-Driven, Culturally Responsive Decision Making
Our Strategic Aims 2025	1.1 Build Teacher Capability in Structured Literacy, Structured Numeracy, and Cultural Responsiveness 1.2: Ensure that 80% of Year 6 students are achieving at or above the expected curriculum level in literacy and numeracy by 2030, through a focus on Structured Literacy and Structured Numeracy that integrates Te Ao Māori perspectives.	2.1 Improve student attendance to a minimum of 90% across Year 0-6, with a focus on the link between attendance, cultural identity, and student achievement in Structured Literacy and Structured Numeracy.	3.1 Infuse the school environment with Te Ara Whakamana principles, promoting a mana-enhancing, inclusive culture that strengthens the identity and sense of belonging for all students, with a focus on Māori learners.	4.1 Equip the Board of Trustees to make informed, culturally responsive decisions that support student achievement, attendance, and community engagement, with a focus on equitable outcomes for Māori learners.



Te Kura o Melville

Melville Primary School

Annual Implementation Plan 2025

Strategic Goals	Board Primary Objective	Education requirements	Shifts and changes
These are your priorities for improvement which have been identified through your community consultation, your data and/or your ERO evaluations. You can have as many strategic goals as you need.	Which Board Primary Objective does this strategic goal work towards meeting? These are set out in Section 127 of the Education and Training Act 2020. Refer Regulations 7(1)(b)	Links to Education requirements This includes National Education Learning Priorities, education strategies or plans and curriculum statements. Refer Regulations 7(d)	What is the anticipated result of successful completion of your Objectives - at the end of 3 years. What evidence will you see of this? What shifts and changes to teachers' and leaders' practices, and learner
Refer Regulations 7(1)(b)			

Strategic Goals	Board Primary	Education	Action Steps:
Situlegic Couls	Objective	requirements	Action Steps.
1.1 Build Teacher Capability in Structured Literacy, Structured Numeracy, and Cultural Responsiveness	(1) A board's primary objectives in governing a school are to ensure that— (a) every student at the school is able to attain their highest possible standard in educational achievement;	Objectrive 3 QUALITY TEACHING AND LEADERSHIP Quality teaching and leadership make the difference for learners and their whānau	Strengthen teacher practice across the school to accelerate the progress of Māor and Pacific learners through culturally responsive teaching practices and structured learning approaches. Provide professional development for teachers on delivering Structured Literacy and Structured Numeracy with a Te Ao Māori lens, ensuring culturally appropriate examples, contexts, and teaching practices are embedded into lessons. Encourage teachers to participate in learning communities focused on culturally responsive pedagogy, sharing best practices and reviewing student progress in a way that aligns with the values of Te Ara Whakamana.
			Introduce teacher inquiry projects that explore the impact of integrating tikanga Māori and Te Ao Māori concepts into literacy and numeracy instruction, with a focus on accelerating progress for at-risk learners. Support teachers in using a strengths-based approach to Māori learners, recognising and building on the mana of each student as part of their individual learning journeys.
1.2: Ensure that 80% of Year 6 students are achieving at or	(2) To meet the primary objectives, the board must—(b) give effect to its	BARRIER FREE	Implement Structured Literacy and Structured Numeracy programmes across Year 0-6, incorporating Māori concepts, contexts, and learning styles to enhance engagement and relevance for Māori learners.
above the expected curriculum level in literacy and	obligations in relation to— (i) any foundation curriculum	opportunities and outcomes are	Provide professional development for teachers on culturally responsive practices in Structured Literacy and Structured Numeracy, using Te Ao Māori examples to deepen learning.
numeracy by 2030, through a focus on Structured Literacy and Structured	statements, national curriculum statements, and national performance	learner	Track student progress termly through a combination of standardised assessments and classroom observations, with a focus on ensuring equitable outcomes for Māori and Pacific learners.
Numeracy that integrates Te Ao Māori perspectives	measures; and (ii) teaching and learning programmes;		Establish early intervention programmes for students in Years 0-6 who are below expected curriculum levels in reading, writing, and mathematics, prioritising a holistic approach to learning grounded in tikanga Māori.

Strategic Goal # 2 - Commun	ty - Empower Whānau to Suppor	Learning and Attendance

_	Board Primary Objective	Education requirements	Action Steps
2.1 Improve student attendance to a minimum of 90% across Year 0-6, with a focus on the link between attendance, cultural identity, and student achievement in Structured Literacy and Structured Numeracy.	inclusive of, and caters for, students with differing needs;	BARRIER FREE ACCESS Great education opportunities and outcomes are within reach for every learner	Assign a leadership team member to lead the attendance strategy, ensuring that interventions and support systems reflect the values of Te Ao Māori and whānau expectations. Use data-driven insights to identify and support students with chronic absenteeism, with a specific focus on engaging Māori and Pacific whānau through culturally relevant strategies. Foster a school-wide culture of attendance by embedding cultural practices into learning routines, making school a place where students feel a strong sense of belonging and identity. Introduce school-wide attendance incentives and recognition programmes that celebrate not only attendance but also engagement in cultural practices and community involvement.

Strategic Goal # 3 - Culture - Embed Te Ara Whakamana and Te Ao Māori in School Culture

Strategic Goals	Board Primary Objective	Education requirements	Action Steps
3.1 Infuse the	A board's primary	Objective 1	Incorporate tikanga Māori into daily school routines, events, and learning
school	objectives in	LEARNERS AT	activities, ensuring that students experience cultural practices such as pōwhiri,
environment with	governing a school	THE CENTRE	karakia, and mihimihi as integral parts of school life.
Te Ara	are to ensure that—	Learners with their	
Whakamana	(b) the school—	whānau are at the	Provide ongoing professional development for staff to deepen their
principles,	(i) is a physically and		understanding of Te Ao Māori and how to integrate cultural competency into their
promoting a	emotionally safe		teaching
mana-enhancing,	place for all students		practices.
inclusive culture	and staff;		
that strengthens	,		Assign cultural leaders within the school to support Māori and Pacific students in
the identity and	(d) the school gives		developing a strong sense of identity, ensuring that learning environments
sense of belonging	effect to Te Tiriti o		reflect te reo me ōna tikanga Māori.
for all students,	Waitangi		i onesi ie ieo me ena manga i iaom
with a focus on	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Engage whānau and community in planning and participating in key cultural
Māori learners.			events, such as Matariki and noho marae, which support student well-being and
ridorricarricis.			strengthen the connection between home and school.

Strategic Goals	Board Primary Objective	Education requirements	Action Steps
4.1 Equip the	A board's primary	NELP Priority 6:	Provide professional development for board members on data analysis and
Board of Trustees to	-	Enhance the	culturally responsive governance, ensuring the Board uses data to understand
make informed,	governing a school		achievement patterns for Māori and Pacific students.
culturally	are to ensure that—	research and data	·
responsive	(b) the school—	to inform	Ensure that regular reports presented to the Board include detailed breakdown
decisions that	(i) is a physically and		of student progress in Structured Literacy and Structured Numeracy, alongside
support student	emotionally safe		data on attendance and whānau engagement.
achievement,	place for all students	improvement.	
attendance, and	and staff;	•	Collaborate with leadership to align the Board's strategic decisions with the
community	·		values of Te Ao Māori, ensuring that resource allocation supports Māori learner
engagement, with a	(d) the school gives		and whānau engagement.
ocus on equitable	effect to Te Tiriti o		
outcomes for Māori	Waitangi		Actively involve Māori and Pacific whānau in governance discussions and
earners.	J		decision-making processes to ensure that their perspectives and aspirations ar reflected in the school's direction.